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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Antonio, Texas

January 3, 1980

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→ ALFREDO LUIS FERNANDEZ
SUPERVIELLE PEREZ

ALINA ESTHER FERNANDEZ
DE BULNES PERERA

→ 20 Mar 80. DCD Dissem.
→ CC: OPA
OSR/RA/u
LA/CSG
→ DCD/Honolulu
Sous + Attache

All information contained herein is classified
Confidential unless otherwise specified.

By communication dated June 20, 1979, the Federal Bureau of Investigation Headquarters (FBIHQ) was advised that Alfredo Luis Fernandez Supervielle Perez and Alina Esther Fernandez De Bulnes Perera, immigrants from Cuba, had as their destination in the United States (US), Laredo State University, Laredo, Texas.

On September 13, 1979, a review of the Immigrant records at the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) District Office, San Antonio, Texas, failed to reveal any information identifiable with the Fernandez'.

On October 15, 1979, the Foreign Student records at the INS Office, San Antonio International Airport, failed to reveal any information identifiable with the Fernandez'.

On November 6, 1979, Alfredo Luis Fernandez Supervielle Perez and his wife, Alina Esther Fernandez De Bulnes Perera, were contacted at Alfredo Luis' father's residence in Laredo, Texas, where they advised as follows:

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REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 (2) & (3)
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION JANUARY 3, 2000

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ALFREDO LUIS FERNANDEZ
 SUPERVIELLE PEREZ

LACO
 Alfredo Luis Fernandez Supervielle Perez advised he was born on January 11, 1951 in Havana, Cuba. He is the son of Leticia Perez and Alfredo Fernandez Supervielle. Prior to the Cuban Revolution, he attended St. George Primary School in Havana, Cuba. While still a child, his parents divorced and his mother, with whom he was living then, married Jose Wilson, a Cuban, still residing in Cuba. A sister, Leticia Wilson, was born from this marriage in 1960. His mother divorced Wilson in 1961. That same year (1961), his mother met Javier Aguilar, a Mexican diplomat assigned to Havana, Cuba. In September, 1966, his mother married Aguilar in Cuba. Shortly after the marriage, Aguilar was transferred to the Mexican Consulate in St. Louis, Missouri, USA.

In November, 1967, his mother left Cuba for the United States to join her husband. His mother attempted to take both him and his sister, Leticia, to the USA, but Leticia's father, Jose Wilson, would not allow Leticia to leave Cuba. He, also, was not allowed to leave the country because he was of military age (15) and had volunteered in the Fuerzas Armadas Revolucionarias (FAR).

The Aguilars remained in the United States until 1972 when Aguilar was re-assigned to the Mexican Embassy in Havana, Cuba. During the Aguilars' stay in the United States, they had a daughter, Teresa Aguilar, born July 29, 1969, in St. Louis, Missouri, USA.

He advised that his actual involvement in FAR was only for a period of three months, September through November, 1966. During this period of time, he attended Basic Training, including weapons familiarization training and related courses at FAR's Instituto Tecnico Militar (ITM). While at ITM, he complained of being confused and bored with a classroom rhetoric and became so nervous that he would start shaking and crying for no reason at all. He finally approached the First Lieutenant who, he claims, helped him get a discharge. The discharge was based on his nervous condition.

Fernandez further advised that in 1970, he married Myrta Martinez in Havana, Cuba. Martinez is originally from Santiago De Cuba. They divorced in 1971. Fernandez claims that this marriage was mainly for companionship and attention as during that period of time his grandmother was ill.

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ALOG
In 1975, his mother's husband, Aguilar, was transferred from the Mexican Embassy in Cuba to the Mexican Embassy in Albania. A few days before his mother and Aguilar departed for Albania, he married Alina Esther, his present wife. He advised that Alina was, at one time, one of his students.

OPA
Fernandez claimed that he comes from a long line of Cubans who have always aligned themselves to the Democratic form of Government. He stated that since 1968, he began analyzing and questioning the Cuban Revolutionary Government. He also analyzed the Vietnam situation as well as the Cuban involvement in Angola and Ethiopia. He stated the Cuban propaganda during these periods was so bad that he saw it as just "lack of respect for an individual's common sense".

OPA
He advised that even though he was a teacher in Cuba, his political views plus the fact that he was never in Juventud Revolucionaria or a Communist Party militant, hindered his job opportunities. He stated he was past over on many occasions mainly because the positions he applied for had possibilities of foreign travel. He advised that it is almost impossible for anyone, not being a Communist Party member, to travel abroad.

CCP
He advised that on one occasion, his uncle, Francisco Perez, a Communist Party member and Special Secretary to Vice President Angel Gomez, Head of the Comité Estatal De Comición Científico Técnico, did not recommend him (Fernandez) for a Government position. Fernandez was later informed that inasmuch as he did not adhere to the Communist philosophy, he was not trustworthy.

In 1970, he began on the job training as a school teacher. He subsequently taught at three different high schools in Havana, Cuba, the Antonio Gital High School, the Aguido Fuentes High School, and the Jose Luis Arrunoda High School. At first, he began teaching geography, but later changed to physics.

On June 25, 1979, with the assistance of Javier Aguilar, his stepfather, he and his wife obtained exit visas to Mexico. They left Cuba for Mexico on August 15, 1979 and arrived in Mexico City on August 16, 1979. From Mexico City, they traveled to Nuevo Laredo where they spent the night of August 21, 1979. They then came to Laredo, Texas, on August 29, 1979, where they

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are presently on a parole status, waiting to be admitted to the United States as refugees or as permanent resident aliens.

PA
OSR/RA
Regarding foreigners in Cuba, Fernandez advised that in Havana, there are presently, entire neighborhoods (barrios) of Soviet technicians and advisors. The Hotel Sierra Maestra in Havana is used exclusively for these advisors. These individuals usually dress in civilian attire or in olive green uniforms. The uniforms, however, show no rank.

Regarding the Ethiopian situation, Fernandez advised that many of his relatives fought in Ethiopia. He advised that one was killed there, another died of natural causes, another had an accident, and four others returned safely to Cuba.

Fernandez concluded that the situation in Cuba is going from bad to worse, especially for individuals who have and like to use their sense of reasoning.

On the same date, Alina Esther Fernandez De Bulnes Perera, born February 26, 1957, Havana, Cuba, advised as follows:

She grew up in the Cuban Revolutionary Government. She attended the Osmania Orenao Elementary School (grades one through six), the Antonio Gitera School (grades seven through nine), the Saul Delgado Pre-university School and the Instituto Uperior De Ciencias Agropetuaras, all in Havana, Cuba. At the last institution, where she was a student prior to leaving Cuba, she turned in her thesis, but was not allowed to take her final examination because of her pending departure from Cuba.

She advised at age 15, she joined, because of peer pressure, the Juventud Revolucionaria. At age 16, she dropped out of the organization mainly because she showed no interest in it. All of her family members still reside in Cuba, but none are members of the Cuban Communist Party.

The Fernandez' claimed not to have been contacted by any Government official prior to their departure from Cuba.

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